



POPULATION SURVEY MONITOR

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11:30AM (CANBERRA TIME) TUES 19 OCT 1999

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- For further information about these and related statistics, contact Sharon Wibrow on Adelaide 08 8237 7303, or Client Services in any ABS office as shown on the back cover of this publication.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES

<i>ISSUE</i>	<i>RELEASE DATE</i>
November 1999	1 February 2000
February 2000	18 April 2000

ABOUT THIS PUBLICATION

This publication presents summary results of the Population Survey Monitor (PSM).

ABOUT THIS SURVEY

The PSM is a quarterly household survey of approximately 3,000 households conducted throughout Australia. Each survey includes a core set of socio-demographic questions and a variable set of topics requested by various Commonwealth and State Government clients.

The estimates in this publication are based on a sample survey of households throughout Australia and are subject to sampling variability because data are not collected from all households. Relative standard errors give a measure of this variability and indicate the degree of confidence that can be attached to the data (see Technical Notes on pages 18 and 19 for more information). The standard errors for some statistics are relatively high and users are advised to exercise caution when interpreting the figures. These data cells are marked with * to indicate that they should be viewed as merely indicative of the magnitude involved.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

- * relative standard error greater than 25% — subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes
- ** relative standard error greater than 50% — subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes
- . . not applicable

ROUNDING

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Published percentages are calculated prior to rounding of the figures and therefore some discrepancy may occur between these percentages and those that could be calculated from the rounded figures.

INQUIRIES

For information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Sharon Wibrow on Adelaide (08) 8237 7303.

For information about other ABS statistics and services, please refer to the back of this publication.

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician

MAIN FEATURES

FIRE SAFETY MEASURES

The most common fire safety measures installed or followed in households were smoke alarms/detectors (70.4%) and safety switch/circuit breakers (52.4%) (refer to table 1).

COMPUTER USAGE

Almost 3.0 million households (42.4%) use a computer at home at least once a week (refer to table 2).

CONSUMER EXPECTATIONS

Almost 3.2 million households (45.7%) indicated in August 1999 that they intend to purchase a major item in the December quarter 1999. Over 1.6 million households (23.6%) indicated that they intend to buy a household item worth more than \$200 in the December quarter 1999 (refer to tables 3 and 4).

ENERGY USAGE

Electricity is the most popular energy source used in Australian households for water heating (57.0%) and cooking (56.3%) (refer to table 5).

HOUSING

Over 4.8 million households (69.8%) own or are purchasing the residence in which they live. Of all separate houses, 78.9% are owned or being purchased, 14.8% are privately rented and 3.7% are publicly rented (refer to tables 6 and 7).

POLICE

Of persons aged 18 years and over, 47.5% were satisfied with the services provided by police and 17.3% were very satisfied (refer to table 8).

ORGANISED SPORT

In the last 12 months, 39.3% of males and 26.0% of females aged 18 years and over have participated in sport or physical activity organised by a club or association (refer to table 9).

ORGAN OR TISSUE DONATION

Of persons aged 18 years and over, 44.2% have taken steps to be an organ or tissue donor, with 32.2% being listed as a donor on their driver's licence and 29.3% having discussed their willingness to be a donor with their family (refer to table 10).

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH

AND SAFETY

In the last 12 months, over 1.1 million persons aged 18 years and over suffered a work-related injury or became aware of a work related illness (refer to table 11).

MAIN FEATURES *continued*

IMMUNISATION

Over 2.0 million persons aged 50 years and over (43.5%) had an influenza vaccination in 1999. Of persons aged 65 years and over, 72.8% had an influenza vaccination in 1999 (refer to table 12).

WORK IN CULTURE AND LEISURE ACTIVITIES

Almost 3.5 million persons aged 18 years and over (25.7%) were involved in some work in selected culture/leisure activities in the last 12 months. Both paid and unpaid work were included with 26.0% of females and 25.3% of males taking part during the reference period (refer to table 13).

1

FIRE SAFETY MEASURES INSTALLED OR FOLLOWED BY HOUSEHOLDS

Fire safety measure	Metropolitan.....		Ex-metropolitan.....		Total.....	
	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%
.....						
Fire safety measure installed or followed						
Operational smoke alarm(s) or smoke detector(s)	3 182.5	70.2	1 724.8	70.8	4 907.2	70.4
Fire sprinkler system	*42.1	*0.9	**	**	52.0	0.7
Safety switch/circuit breaker	2 263.5	49.9	1 386.0	56.9	3 649.5	52.4
Fire extinguisher	1 005.1	22.2	680.7	27.9	1 685.8	24.2
Fire blanket	436.9	9.6	262.9	10.8	699.8	10.0
Fire evacuation plan	616.5	13.6	422.3	17.3	1 038.9	14.9
External water supply	258.1	5.7	470.3	19.3	728.4	10.5
Removal of external fuel sources	607.3	13.4	542.4	22.3	1 149.7	16.5
External sprinkler	513.0	11.3	460.9	18.9	973.9	14.0
Other fire safety measure	*24.7	*0.5	*25.1	*1.0	49.8	0.7
<i>Total households with a fire safety measure(a)</i>	3 971.1	87.6	2 207.5	90.6	6 178.6	88.6
No fire safety measure installed or followed	536.8	11.8	216.4	8.9	753.2	10.8
Don't know	*25.7	*0.6	*12.3	*0.5	*38.0	*0.5
Total	4 533.6	100.0	2 436.2	100.0	6 969.8	100.0

(a) For the total number of households with a fire safety measure, the sum of the components is larger than the total as a number of households may have more than one fire safety measure installed or followed.

2

HOUSEHOLD USE OF COMPUTING EQUIPMENT

Computer use	Number	Proportion
	'000	%
.....		
Households which use a computer(a)	2 957.9	42.4
Households which do not use a computer	4 012.0	57.6
Total	6 969.8	100.0

(a) Households where any member of the household uses a computer at home at least once a week.

3

HOUSEHOLDS' INTENTION TO PURCHASE SELECTED ITEMS(a)

Item	Number		Proportion(b)	
	'000		%	
A new car	132.5		1.9	
A second-hand car	428.7		6.2	
A personal computer	318.7		4.6	
Household item worth more than \$200	1 645.4		23.6	
Home alterations or additions worth more than \$500	854.5		12.3	
Landscaping worth more than \$500	429.8		6.2	
A holiday worth more than \$500	1 084.2		15.6	
Any other item worth more than \$500	217.4		3.1	
Total(c)	3 187.6		45.7	

(a) Intention to purchase in the December quarter 1999.

(b) Proportion of all households.

(c) For the total number of households intending to purchase, the sum of the components is larger than the total as a number of households intend to purchase more than one item.

4

HOUSEHOLDS' INTENTION TO PURCHASE SELECTED ITEMS(a), By Income Quintile

Household income quintile	Intend to purchase...		Do not intend to purchase.....		Total.....	
	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%
First quintile (lowest 20%)	305.2	25.0	916.7	75.0	1 221.9	100.0
Second quintile	408.8	33.8	802.0	66.2	1 210.8	100.0
Third quintile	568.1	48.7	599.6	51.3	1 167.8	100.0
Fourth quintile	725.2	57.9	528.4	42.1	1 253.6	100.0
Fifth quintile (highest 20%)	861.0	69.0	386.1	31.0	1 247.1	100.0
Don't know(b)	319.4	36.8	549.4	63.2	868.7	100.0
Total	3 187.6	45.7	3 782.2	54.3	6 969.8	100.0

(a) Intention to purchase at least one of the selected items listed in table 3 in the December quarter 1999.

(b) Household income not reported.

5

MAIN ENERGY SOURCE USED BY HOUSEHOLDS

Energy Source	Water heating.....		Cooking.....		Room heating.....	
	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%
Electricity	3 270.7	57.0	3 227.7	56.3	2 182.3	38.1
Gas	2 069.9	36.1	2 276.2	39.7	2 039.3	35.6
Electricity/gas (b)	..	..	193.4	3.4	..	..
Solar	291.8	5.1	..	..	..	..
Wood	*19.4	*0.3	*32.3	*0.6	896.7	15.6
Other	**	**	**	**	134.2	2.3
No energy source	..	..	..	..	482.8	8.4
Don't know	77.4	1.3	..	..	..	..
Total(a)	5 735.3	100.0	5 735.3	100.0	5 735.3	100.0

(a) Excludes approximately 1.2 million households which did not provide energy consumption details.

(b) Energy source is considered to be half electricity and half gas.

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TENURE OF CURRENT RESIDENCE BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Household type	TENURE.....				TOTAL.....	
	Owner/ purchaser	Public renter	Private renter	Other	Pro- portion	Number
	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Person living alone	59.6	9.6	27.2	3.7	100.0	1 586.3
Married couple(a) only	81.9	*2.6	13.1	*2.4	100.0	1 707.8
Married couple(a) with children	80.7	2.1	14.4	2.8	100.0	2 385.7
Single parent with children	45.1	24.0	28.5	*2.4	100.0	606.5
Other households	47.5	*5.6	43.7	*3.2	100.0	683.5
Total	69.8	6.2	21.1	2.9	100.0	6 969.8
	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	4 868.1	430.6	1 470.2	200.9	..	6 969.8

(a) Includes de facto couples.

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TENURE OF CURRENT RESIDENCE BY DWELLING STRUCTURE

Dwelling structure	TENURE.....				TOTAL.....	
	Owner/ purchaser	Public renter	Private renter	Other	Pro- portion	Number
	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Separate house	78.9	3.7	14.8	2.5	100.0	5 508.2
Semi-detached/row/terrace(a)	46.6	15.7	32.0	*5.7	100.0	642.6
Flat/unit/apartment	24.3	16.5	57.6	*1.6	100.0	749.5
Other dwelling	*55.1	**	*21.9	*23.0	100.0	69.6
Total	69.8	6.2	21.1	2.9	100.0	6 969.8
	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	4 868.1	430.6	1 470.2	200.9	..	6 969.8

(a) Includes flat attached to house.

Level of satisfaction	AGE (YEARS).....						TOTAL.....	
	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	Pro-portion	Number
MALES								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Very satisfied	*9.0	12.0	9.8	18.9	17.4	26.4	15.0	1 004.9
Satisfied	52.2	45.1	45.5	44.3	53.5	50.5	47.7	3 190.1
Neither	30.4	28.2	22.9	23.3	13.1	*7.4	21.8	1 455.2
Dissatisfied	*6.7	10.6	14.4	9.0	11.8	12.8	11.0	737.8
Very dissatisfied	**	*2.2	*5.2	*3.1	**	**	2.8	186.1
Don't know	**	*1.9	*2.2	**	**	**	1.6	107.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 681.8
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	914.3	1 379.1	1 418.5	1 248.9	810.7	910.2	..	6 681.8
FEMALES								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Very satisfied	18.3	15.5	19.1	18.0	16.4	30.1	19.6	1 350.5
Satisfied	38.5	50.2	44.8	47.3	49.4	52.3	47.3	3 266.5
Neither	20.2	19.1	16.3	17.0	19.4	*7.8	16.5	1 138.0
Dissatisfied	11.5	10.4	11.3	12.1	*5.7	*5.5	9.7	668.8
Very dissatisfied	*6.1	*2.7	**	*4.1	*3.6	**	2.9	201.8
Don't know	*5.3	*2.2	*6.5	**	*5.6	**	4.1	281.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 906.9
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	889.3	1 415.1	1 448.6	1 234.6	797.8	1 121.5	..	6 906.9
PERSONS								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Very satisfied	13.6	13.8	14.5	18.5	16.9	28.5	17.3	2 355.4
Satisfied	45.5	47.7	45.2	45.8	51.4	51.5	47.5	6 456.6
Neither	25.4	23.6	19.6	20.2	16.2	7.6	19.1	2 593.2
Dissatisfied	9.1	10.5	12.8	10.6	8.8	8.8	10.4	1 406.5
Very dissatisfied	*3.9	*2.4	3.6	*3.6	**	**	2.9	387.9
Don't know	*2.6	*2.1	4.4	*1.4	*3.7	**	2.9	389.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	13 588.7
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	1 803.7	2 794.2	2 867.2	2 483.5	1 608.5	2 031.7	..	13 588.7

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PARTICIPATION IN ORGANISED SPORT(a) IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Participation	AGE (YEARS).....						TOTAL.....	
	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	Pro-portion	Number
MALES								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Participated in organised sport(a)	62.4	46.6	38.4	33.2	28.1	24.9	39.3	2 628.2
No participation in organised sport(a)	37.6	53.4	61.6	66.8	71.9	75.1	60.7	4 053.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 681.8
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	914.3	1 379.1	1 418.5	1 248.9	810.7	910.2	..	6 681.8
FEMALES								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Participated in organised sport(a)	32.7	33.4	34.8	18.9	14.4	16.2	26.0	1 797.1
No participation in organised sport(a)	67.3	66.6	65.2	81.1	85.6	83.8	74.0	5 109.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 906.9
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	889.3	1 415.1	1 448.6	1 234.6	797.8	1 121.5	..	6 906.9
PERSONS								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Participated in organised sport(a)	47.7	39.9	36.6	26.1	21.3	20.1	32.6	4 425.2
No participation in organised sport(a)	52.3	60.1	63.4	73.9	78.7	79.9	67.4	9 163.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	13 588.7
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	1 803.7	2 794.2	2 867.2	2 483.5	1 608.5	2 031.7	..	13 588.7

(a) Includes sport and physical activities undertaken by players and non-players which are organised by a club or association.

Steps taken	AGE (YEARS).....						TOTAL.....	
	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	Pro-portion	Number
MALES								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Step taken to be a donor								
Donor on drivers licence	27.2	38.3	34.2	40.1	23.2	25.6	32.7	2 183.9
Discussed willingness to be a donor with family	15.3	25.5	30.8	35.7	21.8	18.6	25.7	1 719.6
Carry signed donor card	**	*2.0	*2.8	*2.7	**	*3.5	2.3	150.5
Total persons(a)	32.2	47.5	47.6	51.1	32.9	33.7	42.5	2 836.5
No steps taken to be a donor	67.8	52.5	52.4	48.9	67.1	66.3	57.5	3 845.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 681.8
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	914.3	1 379.1	1 418.5	1 248.9	810.7	910.2	..	6 681.8
FEMALES								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Step taken to be a donor								
Donor on drivers licence	43.7	39.7	37.4	28.5	20.6	16.6	31.8	2 195.4
Discussed willingness to be a donor with family	36.3	37.7	43.2	35.0	26.8	11.9	32.8	2 262.9
Carry signed donor card	*4.4	*6.0	*4.0	*4.1	*3.7	**	4.0	275.5
Total persons(a)	57.5	56.3	53.2	46.2	35.2	21.8	46.0	3 174.3
No steps taken to be a donor	42.5	43.7	46.8	53.8	64.8	78.2	54.0	3 732.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 906.9
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	889.3	1 415.1	1 448.6	1 234.6	797.8	1 121.5	..	6 906.9
PERSONS								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Step taken to be a donor								
Donor on drivers licence	35.4	39.0	35.8	34.4	21.9	20.6	32.2	4 379.3
Discussed willingness to be a donor with family	25.6	31.7	37.1	35.4	24.2	14.9	29.3	3 982.6
Carry signed donor card	*2.3	4.1	3.4	*3.4	*2.8	*2.2	3.1	426.0
Total persons(a)	44.7	52.0	50.4	48.7	34.0	27.1	44.2	6 010.8
No steps taken to be a donor	55.3	48.0	49.6	51.3	66.0	72.9	55.8	7 577.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	13 588.7
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	1 803.7	2 794.2	2 867.2	2 483.5	1 608.5	2 031.7	..	13 588.7

(a) Total number of persons who have taken steps to be an organ or tissue donor. The sum of the components is larger than the total as a number of persons may have taken more than one step.

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WORK-RELATED INJURIES(a) IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Work-related injury(a)	AGE (YEARS).....					TOTAL.....	
	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Pro-portion	Number
MALES							
	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Did not work	*7.3	*6.5	10.3	20.6	57.9	23.3	1 555.8
Suffered a work-related injury(a) in the last 12 months	16.7	12.3	15.1	8.3	*3.3	10.4	697.7
Did not suffer a work-related injury(a) in the last 12 months	76.1	81.2	74.6	71.1	38.7	66.3	4 428.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 681.8
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	914.3	1 379.1	1 418.5	1 248.9	1 720.9	..	6 681.8
FEMALES							
	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Did not work	17.6	29.3	24.9	26.5	80.4	40.6	2 802.7
Suffered a work-related injury(a) in the last 12 months	14.0	*5.8	8.1	*5.3	*3.4	6.6	456.7
Did not suffer a work-related injury(a) in the last 12 months	68.3	64.8	67.0	68.1	16.2	52.8	3 647.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6 906.9
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	889.3	1 415.1	1 448.6	1 234.6	1 919.3	..	6 906.9
PERSONS							
	%	%	%	%	%	%	'000
Did not work	12.4	18.0	17.7	23.5	69.8	32.1	4 358.5
Suffered a work-related injury(a) in the last 12 months	15.4	9.0	11.6	6.8	3.4	8.5	1 154.4
Did not suffer a work-related injury(a) in the last 12 months	72.2	72.9	70.8	69.6	26.8	59.4	8 075.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	13 588.7
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		'000
Total	1 803.7	2 794.2	2 867.2	2 483.5	3 640.2	..	13 588.7

(a) Includes persons who have become aware of a work-related illness in the last 12 months.

12 INFLUENZA VACCINATIONS

Influenza vaccination	AGE (YEARS).....		TOTAL.....	
	50-64	65 and over	Pro-portion	Number
MALES				
	%	%	%	'000
Have had an influenza vaccination in 1999	20.7	68.7	40.0	905.8
Have not had an influenza vaccination in 1999	78.8	31.3	59.7	1 351.9
Don't Know	**	**	**	**
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	2 265.2
	'000	'000		'000
Total	1 355.0	910.2	..	2 265.2
FEMALES				
	%	%	%	'000
Have had an influenza vaccination in 1999	22.9	76.2	46.7	1 172.6
Have not had an influenza vaccination in 1999	75.4	23.8	52.4	1 314.8
Don't Know	**	**	**	**
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	2 510.8
	'000	'000		'000
Total	1 389.3	1 121.5	..	2 510.8
PERSONS				
	%	%	%	'000
Have had an influenza vaccination in 1999	21.8	72.8	43.5	2 078.4
Have not had an influenza vaccination in 1999	77.1	27.2	55.8	2 666.7
Don't Know	*1.1	**	*0.6	*30.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	4 776.0
	'000	'000		'000
Total	2 744.3	2 031.7	..	4 776.0

13

WORK IN SELECTED CULTURE/LEISURE ACTIVITIES(a) IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Characteristic	MALES.....		FEMALES.....		PERSONS.....	
	Number	Participation rate	Number	Participation rate	Number	Participation rate
	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%
Age group						
18-24 years	253.3	27.8	267.5	30.1	520.7	28.9
25-34 years	408.8	29.8	406.1	28.9	814.9	29.3
35-44 years	408.8	29.1	460.9	32.0	869.7	30.6
45-54 years	318.0	25.7	304.6	24.8	622.6	25.3
55-64 years	180.8	22.2	191.9	23.9	372.7	23.0
65 and over	118.4	12.8	161.4	14.2	279.8	13.6
Labour force status						
Employed full time	1 183.8	28.9	676.0	33.1	1 859.8	30.3
Employed part time	202.7	31.0	581.8	33.4	784.5	32.7
Unemployed	*69.4	*19.2	*52.8	*20.8	122.2	19.8
Not in the labour force	232.3	14.9	481.7	16.8	714.0	16.1
Total	1 688.2	25.3	1 792.3	26.0	3 480.5	25.7

(a) Includes data collected in the November 1998, February 1999, May 1999 and August 1999 PSM surveys. Refer to the Glossary for details of the activities included in this survey.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

1 The Population Survey Monitor (PSM) is a quarterly household survey of approximately 3,000 households conducted throughout Australia. The PSM is designed to meet the needs of government agencies for household data. It is a user-funded survey where clients pay to include the topic of their choice. Questions for each client's topic and a set of core questions are asked of a randomly selected person aged 18 years or over within the selected household.

LIST OF TOPICS AUGUST 1999

Fire safety measures

2 This publication presents summary results of the PSM conducted in August 1999. The topics included in this publication are as follows:

3 Contains data on the type of fire safety measures installed or followed in private dwellings.

Computer usage

4 Contains data on the use of computing technology in the home.

Consumer expectations

5 Contains data on the anticipated purchases by households of major items in the December quarter 1999.

Energy usage

6 Contains data on the main source of energy used by households for water heating, cooking and room heating.

Housing

7 Contains data on tenure of current residence.

Satisfaction with police services

8 Contains data on community attitudes to police services.

Organised sport

9 Contains data on the sporting and physical activities undertaken by persons aged 18 years and over in the last 12 months.

Organ donations

10 Contains data on persons who have taken steps to be an organ or tissue donor.

Occupational Health and Safety

11 Contains data on persons who have suffered a work-related injury or become aware of a work-related illness in the last 12 months.

Immunisation

12 Contains data on persons who have had an influenza vaccination in 1999.

Work in Culture and Leisure Activities

13 Contains data on persons involved in work in selected culture and leisure activities in the last 12 months.

EXPLANATORY NOTES *continued*

SCOPE AND COVERAGE

14 All usual residents in private households are included in the PSM. The survey covers rural and urban areas across all States and Territories of Australia, except sparsely settled and Indigenous areas, which accounts for approximately 85,000 persons aged 18 years and over. The exclusion of these persons will have only a minor impact on any aggregate estimates that are produced for individual States and Territories, with the exception of the Northern Territory where such persons account for approximately 19% of the population. All persons living in non-private dwellings are excluded.

SAMPLE SIZE

15 For each quarterly survey, an initial sample of approximately 4,000 private dwellings is chosen. The sample is sufficient to provide quarterly data for Australia and annual data for the States and Territories at an acceptable level of accuracy and reliability. Sample loss is allowed for through factors such as vacant dwellings inadvertently selected in the sample, non-contacts, persons out of scope, etc.

EXPECTED SAMPLE DISTRIBUTION

16 Details of the approximate sample distribution for a quarterly PSM are set out below:

.....

New South Wales	482
Victoria	416
Queensland	375
South Australia	375
Western Australia	375
Tasmania	375
Northern Territory	250
Australian Capital Territory	375
Total	3 023

.....

DATA COLLECTION

17 Information is obtained in the PSM by personal interviews with adult members of selected households. Interviewers for the PSM are selected from a panel of trained interviewers who have extensive experience in conducting household surveys.

18 The willing cooperation of selected households is sought. Measures taken to encourage cooperation and maximise response include:

- advice to selected households by letter, accompanied by an information brochure explaining that their dwelling has been selected for the survey, the purposes of the survey, its official nature and the confidentiality of the information collected.
- through call-backs and follow-up at selected dwellings every effort is made to contact the occupants of each selected dwelling and to conduct the survey in those dwellings.

EXPLANATORY NOTES *continued*

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

19 Estimates obtained from the survey are derived using a complex ratio estimation procedure that ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the total population by age, sex and area, (rather than to the age-sex-area distribution within the sample itself). The estimation procedure is designed to adjust estimates in such a way as to reduce any non-response bias by adjusting the weights of persons' records in each age-sex-area cell to compensate for under-enumeration in that cell.

20 Expansion factors or 'weights' are inserted into each person's record to enable the data provided by these persons to be expanded to provide estimates relating to the whole population within the scope of the survey.

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

21 The two types of error possible in an estimate based on a sample survey are:

- Non-sampling error which arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. The most significant of these errors are:
 - misreporting of data items
 - deficiencies in coverage
 - non-response
 - processing errors

Every effort is made to minimise these errors by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient data processing procedures.

- Sampling error which occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all persons in the survey is given by the standard error (see Technical Notes pages 18 and 19).

1 As the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they are subject to sampling variability, that is, the estimates may differ from those that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error (see table A1, page 19), which estimates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three (67%) that a sample estimate will vary by less than one standard error from the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about 19 chances in 20 (95%) that the difference will be less than two standard errors.

2 Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error (RSE), (see table A2, page 19) which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The RSE is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage of errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

3 From table 3 an estimated 318,700 households intend to purchase a computer in the December quarter. Referring to table A1 of standard errors (on page 19), an estimate of 318,700 has a standard error of approximately 24,600. There are two chances in three that the number that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey is between 294,100 and 343,300 (i.e. 318,700 plus or minus 24,600). There are about 19 chances in 20 that the number lies between 269,500 and 367,900 (i.e. 318,700 plus or minus 49,200).

4 Particular care should be taken when comparing figures. It is not correct to assume that an apparent difference between figures is actually significant. Such an estimate is subject to sampling error. An approximate standard error (SE) of the difference between two estimates ($x-y$) may be calculated by the following formula:

$$SE(x-y) = \sqrt{[SE(x)]^2 + [SE(y)]^2}$$

While this formula will only be exact for differences between separate and uncorrelated characteristics of sub-populations, it is expected to provide a good approximation for all differences likely to be of interest in this publication.

5 As the table of standard errors shows, the size of the standard error increases with the size of the estimate. However, the smaller the estimate the higher the RSE. Thus, large estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) and their value for most practical purposes is unreliable. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with RSEs of 25% or less and percentages based on such estimates are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates with standard errors of greater than 25% have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *2.8) to indicate that they should be treated with caution and viewed as being merely indicative of the magnitude involved.

6 This publication contains tables which relate to different populations. Standard errors may vary depending on the population and care should be taken to use the appropriate columns in tables A1 and A2.

7 For tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 the columns headed *HOUSEHOLDS - Aug 1999 - Aust* should be used.

8 For tables 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 the columns headed *PERSONS 18+ YEARS - Aug 1999 - Aust* should be used.

9 For table 13 the columns headed *PERSONS 18+ YEARS - Nov 1998 - Aug 1999 - Aust* should be used.

A1

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	PERSONS 18+ YEARS		HOUSEHOLDS
	Aug 1999 Aust	Nov 1998 - Aug 1999 Aust	Aug 1999 Aust
	'000	'000	'000
5	..	..	3.6
10	7.1	3.6	5.1
20	10.5	5.3	7.3
50	17.0	8.5	11.3
100	23.8	11.9	15.5
200	32.4	16.2	20.9
500	46.6	23.3	30.2
800	55.2	27.6	35.0
1 000	59.5	29.8	39.2
1 500	67.7	33.9	43.4
2 000	73.8	36.9	50.1

A2

RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	PERSONS 18+ YEARS		HOUSEHOLDS
	Aug 1999 Aust	Nov 1998 - Aug 1999 Aust	Aug 1999 Aust
	'000	%	%
5	..	..	71.2
10	70.1	35.1	51.3
20	52.3	26.2	36.4
50	34.0	17.0	22.6
100	23.8	11.9	15.5
200	16.2	8.1	10.4
500	9.4	4.7	6.0
800	6.9	3.5	4.4
1 000	6.0	3.0	3.9
1 500	4.6	2.3	2.9
2 000	3.7	1.9	2.5

GLOSSARY

Age	The age of persons on their last birthday.
Computer	Portable, desktop and dedicated computers, and items such as pocket computers or 'personal organisers' which can be plugged into larger computers, are considered to be computers if they are usually in working order.
Consumer expectations	See 'Households intending to purchase'.
Dwelling structure	Categories include; separate house: where a house stands separately in its own grounds separated from other dwellings by at least a metre, semi-detached, row or terrace house: where the dwelling has its own private grounds and no other dwelling above or below it, flat or apartment: these dwellings do not have their own private grounds and usually share a common entrance, foyer or stairwell.
External sprinkler	A heavy duty sprinkler capable of wetting the home externally in order to help it become fire resistant.
External water supply	Refers to a non mains external water supply which is suitable for fighting fire. It includes pools, dams or creeks.
Fire blanket	Fire blankets are used to extinguish small fires, and fires involving cooking oils and fats. The blankets may also be used as a thermal barrier against radiated heat and to control clothing fires.
Fire evacuation plan	Refers to any fire evacuation plan that the respondent has set out in case of an emergency. For example, how residents should evacuate the building, and what they should do once they have evacuated the building.
Fire extinguisher	A fire extinguisher is a container that contains either water, carbon dioxide or foam and is designed to spray at and extinguish fires.
Fire sprinkler system	A fire sprinkler system is usually installed in the ceiling and is an automatic sprinkler which is activated by heat or smoke.
Household	A group of one or more persons in a private dwelling who consider themselves to be separate from other persons (if any) in the dwelling, and who make regular provision to take meals separately from other persons, i.e. at other times or in different rooms. Lodgers who receive accommodation but not meals are treated as separate households. Boarders who receive both accommodation and meals are not treated as separate households. A household may consist of any number of family and non-family members.
Household income	Household income is the sum of personal income from all members of the household aged 15 years and over. Personal income is gross income from all sources and includes government pensions/benefits, workers compensation, royalties, rent, etc. It excludes money from the sale of assets, gambling, lottery wins, gifts, bequests or lump sum settlements.

GLOSSARY *continued*

Household's intending to purchase	A household in which any person within the household expects to buy, pay for or make some payment towards an item with an individual worth of \$200 or more for a household item or \$500 or more for other items. Planned purchases must be for the period 1 October 1999 to 31 December 1999.
Influenza vaccination	Commonly referred to as a flu injection or flu shot.
Metropolitan	Refers to the capital city statistical divisions. These delimit an area which is stable for general statistical purposes. The boundary is defined to contain the anticipated development of the city for a period of at least 20 years. They contain more than just the urban centre, and represent the city in the wider sense.
Organ donations	An indication by persons of their willingness to donate their organs or tissue in the event of their death.
Organised sport	Sport and physical activities that are organised by a club or association.
Police services	Services provided by officers of Federal and State police departments.
Private renters	Private renters rent their home from a private landlord or real estate agent.
Public renters	Public renters rent their home from a government agency whose main activity is to provide housing to the public. This does not include government departments that provide housing to their employees.
Removal of external fuel sources	Refers to removal of all possible sources of fuel for a bushfire. This includes such measures as removing overhanging eucalypt trees, removing dry leaves/firewood from around the home etc.
Safety switch/circuit breaker	A safety switch/circuit breaker is a device intended to isolate electricity supply to protected circuits, socket outlets or electrical equipment in the event of a current flow to earth which exceeds a predetermined value.
Smoke detector/smoke alarm	Smoke detectors or smoke alarms are used for the detection and warning of smoke from fires and not for the detection of cigarette smoke.
Work-related injury or illness	An injury or illness resulting from a work-related factor which may include muscular strain, falling, tripping or slipping, being hit by a moving object or hitting an object and mental stress.
Work in Culture/Leisure Activities	Refers to work involvement in a range of activities on either a voluntary or paid basis. Culture/Leisure activities include involvement with cultural institutions (e.g. libraries, museums, art galleries and botanic gardens), other cultural industries (e.g. radio and television) and a range of other activities such as art and craft, performing arts, music, design etc. A complete list of activities selected and an explanation of them can be found in the Glossary of the ABS publication <i>Work in Selected Culture/Leisure activities, Australia, March 1997</i> , ABS Cat. No. 6281.0.

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2410300008992
ISSN 1320-6494

RRP \$16.00